By Stuart Paston

Last updated 27th July 2017.

This distinctive slender species is found hovering low usually close to shrubs or beneath trees in shaded places but is easy to overlook and sightings have been infrequent over the years. Brachyopa insensilis Recorded May 2009. TG211089. Associated with sap runs on horse chestnut. Only Norfolk site to date. Cheilosia bergenstammi A male of this widespread species was found on ragwort flowers TG211090 on 22 July 2014. The larvae mine the stems and roots of ragwort which was particularly in evidence during 2014. Cheilosia illustrata Frequent/common. Associated with hogweed. Cheilosia pagana Common and widespread in the Cemetery both in wooded and more open areas where it visits a variety of flowers. Cheilosia proxima Female on embankment near Dereham Road gate TG212091 in May 2002. Cheilosia ranunculi A male, grassland TG213089, May 2002. Male on flower head of bulbous buttercup TG214089 May 2013. A male on nettle leaf in south eastern corner of Cemetery TG214087 on 16 May 2016, both bulbous and meadow buttercup, probable foodplants, present in vicinity. Cheilosia variabilis Males present near Dereham Road gate TG212091 June 2002. Cheilosia vernalis Few records over the years but likely to be an established resident. Recorded visiting creeping cinquefoil TG211086, August 2009 and a male present in open woodland area Section 17, TG214089 in May 2013. Chrysotoxum bicinctum Infrequent, always as singletons found in sheltered grassy areas usually close to trees or shrubs. Recorded ovipositing on war graves lawn. Males hover over turf along pathways. Associated with ant nests. Chrysotoxum verralli One recorded on Euonymus flowers TG211086 August 2009. Criorhina berberina One (var. oxyacanthae) recorded at rotten base of horse chestnut TG211089 April 2009. As with other species dependent on rotten wood, breeding sites are limited in the Cemetery. Frequent. Can be numerous about tree foliage and flowers of Euonymus japonicus. A parasitic wasp Syrphoctonus tricolor was reared from a larva found on a fallen gr	Species	Comments
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field maple flowers TG212088.	Dasysyrphus tricinctus	
		field maple flowers TG212088.

Species Comment	S
	d species mainly recorded from the north
	art of the Cemetery. First recorded in Sept 2003,
	ing on beech foliage TG213089. Subsequently
	h sexes) about ivy TG212090 in Sept and Oct
	004 found visiting whitebeam flowers
	in May, Euonymus japonicus flowers
	in August and at ivy blossom TG212087 in
	ast recorded in early Nov 2005 at initial site.
	vas found at hogweed flowers in grassland
	on 30 June 2016.
This speci	es has been extending its range northwards in
the UK in I	recent years with the first Norfolk record in 2007
although it	remains infrequently recorded in the County.
	spring species found visiting flowers of shrubs
such as bo	ox, cherry laurel and hawthorn.
Epistrophe nitidicollis Recorded	near Dereham Road gate: a male around
beech tree	TG213091in May 2002. Overlooked
subsequer	ntly but confirmed in the same area in May
	n a male was found on beech foliage.
	usually in small numbers, but at least 20 on
	lowers in sheltered wooded clearing TG210088
in late July	
	alade Hoverfly-very common, usually abundant
	when boosted by immigration. Some adults
	and are active on mild days when they visit
Mahonia.	
l l	er from wetland areas twice recorded as
	at flowers, the last record July 2007.
l •	common. Visits a range of flowers in open
areas.	Llaually acquire many abrusha
	. Usually occurs near shrubs.
	e mimic that exhibits very variable colour Males are frequently observed in the Cemetery
	ver above grassland often near stands of
	or about flowering hawthorn.
	Not easy to separate from <i>arbustorum</i> in the
	s flowers such as hogweed in wooded parts of
Cemetery.	•
·	One of the more numerous flies on hogweed at
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	visits a wide range of flowers.
	ofly. Very common. Uses a wide variety of
	umerous on ivy blossom in autumn.
	velop in bulbs including garden daffodil.
	ly observed but easily overlooked.
	species that can occur in large numbers some
	scarce/absent in others.
	non widespread species of open habitat.
	poosted by migration.
	d species whose larvae develop in sap runs.
	ras observed on a horse chestnut trunk
TG211089	in May 2011. Also seen on 27 th July 2017 by
	tlett on a Dandelion flower at TG213088.

Species	Comments
Helophilus hybridus	A male was seen and photographed by Vanna Bartlett on 8 April 2017 on <i>Muscari</i> at grid ref TG210087.It had probably wandered across from either the Yare or Wensum Valley wetland. Vanna and Jeremy Bartlett saw and photographed another male on 11 April 2017 on Green Alkanet flowers just west of St. Thomas' Road TG213087.
Helophilus pendulus	Common species. Frequent about bramble. Congregates about pond edge in Memorial Garden in summer.
Leucozona laternaria	A female of this species was recorded visiting hogweed and investigating the foliage for aphids on plants beside a grass path TG213089 on 30 June 2013. Present on hogweed TG213091 in 2014 and in July 2015 TG210089.
Leucozona lucorum	Regularly occurred on the embankment near Bowthorpe Road close to Dereham Road entrance until 2004 following which no sightings were made in the Cemetery until 4 June 2015 when a male was found about cow parsley in the same area as before TG213091.It had never been recorded elsewhere in the Cemetery but on 16 May 2016 a female was found at cow parsley in the woodland area east of South Lodge TG213087 followed by further sightings of males in early June east of the Dereham Road entrance and in the woodled area close to the Jewish Cemetery.
Melangyna cincta	A woodland species, the larvae mainly developing on aphids on beech. Recorded at whitebeam flowers in north eastern part of Cemetery TG213090 in late May 2004. Subsequently overlooked until May 2013 when males present about flowers of box TG213090 and on beech foliage in the same area.
Melangyna labiatarum	Hoverflies determined as this species have been recorded in the north eastern part of the Cemetery on occasions including June 2002 when males were hovering over embankment beneath lime tree TG212091. Flowers visited include hogweed and Euonymus japonicus.
Melangyna umbellatarum	A female of this scarce species was found at flowers of spindle TG213089 on 4 June 2016. This was a new record for the Cemetery. It can be distinguished from labiatarum by its white abdominal markings and shiny thoracic dorsum.
Melanostoma scalare	Very common species. Often to be found hovering beneath trees in shady spots and visits a variety of low growing flowers. One of the earlier species to emerge.
Meliscaeva auricollis	Common. Some adults clearly overwinter as they are seen on mild days in the winter months. A species found about shrubs and the lower parts of trees. Very scarce/absent some years.
Meliscaeva cinctella	One observed on hogweed in sheltered wooded clearing adjoining Memorial Garden TG210088 in late July 2008 and another observed at water mint beside Memorial

Species	Comments
	Garden pond early Sept 2009. Also recorded at water mint at same location on several dates in Sept 2013 – always females. Female at privet blossom late June 2014.
Merodon equestris	Large Bulb Fly. The larvae develop in bulbs of bluebell and daffodil and the species is widespread in the Cemetery.
Myathropa florea	Very common. Occurs about the lower foliage of trees and is numerous on a variety of flowers notably hogweed, blossom of many trees, Euonymus 4aponicas and ivy. Small specimens occur in the summer population.
Parasyrphus punctulatus	Early spring species recorded about fir (Abies) TG213089 in April 2002 and occurring elsewhere in the north eastern part of the Cemetery. Present at Buxus flowers TG213090 in April 2013.
Pipiza noctiluca	A woodland edge/hedgerow species that is likely to be established in the Cemetery despite infrequent observations. Usually found on foliage but has been recorded visiting Aucuba (Spotted Laurel) flowers TG211086.
Pipizella viduata	This and the next species are very similar small dark hoverflies. P.viduata is a common species recorded quite frequently in the north eastern part of the Cemetery. Also recorded in grassland TG211088 north of Memorial Garden in June 2013.
Pipizella virens	A male recorded in grassland near Dereham Road gate TG213091 in 2002.
Platycheirus albimanus	A very common species to be found visiting low growing flowers.
Platycheirus rosarum	A wetland species that was a surprising temporary resident in 2002, occurring in the north eastern part of the Cemetery close to the Dereham Road gate where on one occasion females were seen apparently ovipositing on decaying vegetation on lushly grassed pathways. Sightings were made between 6 May and 22 August but it has not been recorded subsequently.
Platycheirus scutatus	Likely to be widespread but easily overlooked among similarly sized species. A male was recorded at water mint flowers beside the Memorial Garden pond in Sept 2013. A male was present at ivy blossom TG209089 in late September 2014.
Rhingia campestris	A male of this distinctive species was observed visiting primrose in the area near the Dereham Road entrance TG213091 on 24 April 2015. A short while before, the author had recorded a male visiting bluebell in nearby Sycamore Crescent Wood. Given the previous absence of sightings it is likely to be an erratic visitor to the Cemetery drawn in some years to the abundance of flowers in spring. Vanna Bartlett photographed a female of this species on Green Alkanet flowers in the Cemetery just west of St. Thomas' Road TG213087 on 11 April 2017 and a male

Species	Comments
	was photographed in the same spot on 15 th April 2017.
Scaeva pyrastri	A migrant species scarce or absent in some years but
	numerous in others.
Scaeva selenitica	Nationally this is a scarce but well scattered species with
	a known association with pine and spruce, both occurring
	in the Cemetery.
	The first record was of a male observed on a cow parsley
	umbel TG212090 in May 2002, with further sightings in
	June in the same area. On 27 December 2003 one was
	briefly observed on ivy foliage not far from the Burial
	Chapel. The following year one was seen on flowers of
	Euonymus japonicus TG213090 in early August. The
	most recent record involved another doubtless
	overwintering individual, one being present on Aucuba
	foliage in the Memorial Garden on 16 Dec 2012.
Sericomyia silentis	An occasional wanderer from wetland habitat. Recorded
	in July, August and September 2002, visiting ivy blossom
	in autumn. Singleton males recorded at ivy blossom
Sphaerophoria scripta	TG213089, TG212087 in late Sept /early Oct 2013. A very common species of flower rich grassland.
Syritta pipiens	A common species of flower fich grassland. A common species often found about bramble thickets
	and a visitor to ivy blossom in the autumn.
Syrphus ribesii	Common species found visiting a range of flowers and
Syrphus ribesii	generally numerous about woodland canopy.
Syrphus torvus	A woodland species. Recorded near the Dereham Road
Oyipiida torvus	gate about beech tree in 2002.
Syrphus vitripennis	Often abundant species although in common with other
	Syrphus species it had a poor year in 2012. Numbers are
	boosted by migration.
Volucella bombylans	Frequent in wooded areas near shrubs and thickets.
ĺ	Visits bramble blossom.
Volucella inanis	Frequently observed in the Cemetery since becoming
	established in west Norwich at the turn of the century.
	Often found on hogweed and other flowers visited by
	V.zonaria.
Volucella inflata	On 23 July 2015 James Emerson found and
	photographed a male of this species on buddleia beside
	the main roadway from Earlham Road. This species has
	increased markedly in Norfolk since 2012 prior to which it
	was rare. This is the first record from Norwich known to
	the author.
Volucella pellucens	Common. Males are conspicuous as they hover in shafts
	of sunlight in wooded areas , invariably numerous near
Valuable zaparie	the Dereham Road gate. Visits bramble blossom.
Volucella zonaria	Striking hornet mimic frequently observed in the
	Cemetery since becoming established in west Norwich in
	2007. Among flowers visited are bramble, Euonymus
	japonicus, Tetradium and ivy. Six were seen basking on sycamore TG213090 early morning 15 July 2012.
Xanthandrus comtus	A female of this infrequently recorded migrant was found
Aanthanurus Comitus	visiting hogweed beside the south perimeter of the war
	graves lawn TG213090 on 26 June 2014.
	graves lawir 1 02 10030 on 20 June 2014.

Species	Comments
Xanthogramma pedissequum	Frequent in grassy areas especially where turf is short and some bare ground exists. Regularly seen hovering in such places as lawns and regularly maintained grass paths. Associated with ant nests.
Xylota segnis	Frequent in wooded areas of the Cemetery where individuals can be observed running over foliage. No records of visiting flowers.
Xylota sylvarum	Infrequent. The most recent sighting was of a male around the rotten base of a holm oak TG212087 in August 2010. An earlier sighting was of a male around an oak stump. Larvae develop in rotten wood



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